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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/659,766	09/10/2003	Rainer Barth	BARTH-2	4858
7590 04/09/2007 Henry M. Feiereisen 350 Fifth Avenue Suite 4714 New York, NY 10118		EXAMINER NAUROT TON, JOAN		
			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
,			2109	
SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD OF RESPONSE		MAIL DATE	DELIVERY MODE	
3 MONTHS		04/09/2007	PAPER	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire 6 MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.

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	Application No.	Applicant(s)			
	10/659,766	BARTH, RAINER			
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit			
	Joan B. Naurot Ton	2109			
The MAILING DATE of this communication app Period for Reply	pears on the cover sheet with the	correspondence addi	ress		
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPL' WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DA - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.1: after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period of Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION 36(a). In no event, however, may a reply be to the second will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the second ABANDON to become ABANDON	ON. · Itimely filed m the mailing date of this com IED (35 U.S.C. § 133).	÷		
Status					
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 10 Se	eptember 2003.				
·— · _	action is non-final.				
3) Since this application is in condition for alloward closed in accordance with the practice under E			merits is		
Disposition of Claims					
4) Claim(s) 1-11 is/are pending in the application.					
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdraw					
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.					
6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-11</u> is/are rejected.		•			
7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.			•		
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/o	r election requirement.				
Application Papers					
9) The specification is objected to by the Examine	er.		•		
10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) accepted or b) objected to by the Examiner.					
Applicant may not request that any objection to the	drawing(s) be held in abeyance. S	ee 37 CFR 1.85(a).			
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct					
11)☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the Ex	kaminer. Note the attached Office	e Action or form PTC	D-152.		
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119					
12)⊠ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign a) All b)⊠ Some * c) None of:	priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).			
1. Certified copies of the priority document	s have been received.				
2. Certified copies of the priority document	s have been received in Applica	ition No. <u>10/659,766</u> .			
3. Copies of the certified copies of the prior	rity documents have been recei	ved in this National S	tage		
application from the International Bureau	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				
* See the attached detailed Office action for a list	of the certified copies not receive	red.			
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Attachment(s)		•			
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)	4) Interview Summa				
2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)	Paper No(s)/Mail 5) Notice of Informal				
Paper No(s)/Mail Date <u>02/23/2004 and 09/10/2003</u> .	6) Other:				

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DETAILED ACTION

This first office action is in reply to Application number 10/659766, filed on September 10, 2003.

Acknowledgment is made of applicant's claim for foreign priority under 35
 U.S.C. 119(a)-(d). The certified copy has been filed in parent Application
 No.10/650766, filed on September 10, 2003.

Claim Objections

2. Claims 1, 2, 4, and 5 are objected to because of the following informalities:

Regarding claim 1:

On line 8: "receiver-specific to a Web server" should be changed to -to a specified receiver of a Web server-.

On line 9, "an event" should be changed to -the specified event--.

On line 9, "a message" should be changed to -one of the messages--.

On line 10, "the message" should be changed to —one of the messages--.

Regarding claim 2:

On line 2, "an Internet browser" should be changed to -the Internet browser--.

Regarding claim 4:

On line 1, "the message" should be changed to -one of the messages--.

Regarding claim 5:

On line 1, "an e-mail message" should be changed to –the e-mail message--.

Appropriate correction is required.

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Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

3. The following is a quotation of the second paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

The specification shall conclude with one or more claims particularly pointing out and distinctly claiming the subject matter which the applicant regards as his invention.

4. Claim 6 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention.

Regarding claim 6, the words "such as machine status, status and process information, as well as file attachments which are stored in the database" fails to point out applicant's invention since the words "such as" is used.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 101

5. 35 U.S.C. 101 reads as follows:

Whoever invents or discovers any new and useful process, machine, manufacture, or composition of matter, or any new and useful improvement thereof, may obtain a patent therefor, subject to the conditions and requirements of this title.

6. Claims 1-11 are rejected because the claimed invention is directed to non-statutory subject matter. In this case, in claims 1 and 11, the receiving of information is non-statutory because there is no work being done on the message after it is being received, and thus does not produce a tangible output result. The dependent claims 2-10 do not fix the abstractions of claim 1, and thus are also directed towards non-statutory subject matter.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

6. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

- (e) the invention was described in (1) an application for patent, published under section 122(b), by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent or (2) a patent granted on an application for patent by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent, except that an international application filed under the treaty defined in section 351(a) shall have the effects for purposes of this subsection of an application filed in the United States only if the international application designated the United States and was published under Article 21(2) of such treaty in the English language.
- 7. Claims 1-7 and 11 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) as being anticipated by Araujo et al (US patent number 6920502, dated July 19, 2005, and filed on July 17, 2001).

Regarding claim 1:

Araujo discloses the method for transmitting messages from an industrial controller to a specified receiver using an Internet-related protocol, comprising the steps of: generating with an alarm indicating system, if a specified event occurs, event-relevant information ("In the event of a detected fault or failure condition in any monitored entity, the SEP (service enablement platform) generates a corresponding alarm and reports it..." Column 8, lines 55-57); writing the event-relevant information to a database accessible to the specified receiver ("...RMM process 2020 also records all alarms it receives in a local database." Column 38, lines 34-35, and the receiver can access the alarm information through a web site, i.e. "delivering alarms to web site (CCC) 20". Column 38, lines 28-29); transmitting receiver-specific to a Web server out of the event-relevant information only a message indicating that an event has occurred

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(the receiver can access the alarm information through a web site, i.e. "delivering alarms to web site (CCC) 20". Column 38, lines 28-29); and receiving the message at the specified receiver, with the specified receiver accessing the event-relevant information in the database via a cryptographically protected communication protocol based on an Internet browser ("implements the necessary cryptographic and packet processing operations", Column 3, lines 37-38. and "SEP can establish a web connection with site 20 through which the SEP can report its operational data and/or any alarm condition..." Column 36, lines 26-29.)

Regarding claim 2:

Araujo also discloses the limitations of claim 2 wherein the cryptographically protected communication protocol implemented in an Internet browser comprises a "Hypertext Transfer Protocol Security" protocol ("establishing a secure web (HTTPS) connection to a web server implemented on SEP 200" Column 14, lines 47 and 48-49).

Regarding claim 3:

Araujo also discloses the limitations of claim 3 wherein the "Hypertext Transfer Protocol Security" protocol comprises a "Secure Socket Layer" protocol or a "Transport Layer Security" protocol. ("secured through SSL, with the CCC (Customer Care Center), Column 9, line 51)

Regarding claim 4:

Araujo also discloses the limitations of claim 4 wherein the message is transmitted to the specified receiver as an e-mail, an SMS or as a voice message ("email" is accessed through the Service Enablement Platform (SEP), Column 1, line

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36, and the SEP also reports alarm messages, Column 36, lines 26-29).

Regarding claim 5:

Araujo also discloses the limitations of claim 5 wherein an e-mail message includes a cross-reference, in particular a URL address, that provides a link to the receiver-specific information that is stored in the database (The SEP (services enablement platform) enables email modules to accept as input and output a URL selection. Column 8, lines 26-35, and "Database 1420" ... "stores information for each SEP then in service, alarm reports generated by each SEP and other related status as provided by that SEP..."Column 16, lines 14-18).

Regarding claim 6:

Araujo also discloses the limitations of claim 6 wherein the event-relevant information comprises event messages, fault messages and additional information, such as machine status, status and process information ("In the event of a detected fault or failure condition in any monitored entity, the SEP generates a corresponding alarm and reports it...), as well as file attachments which are stored in the database ("module then writes, ...the alarm information into CCC database" Column 44, lines 56 and 58).

Regarding claim 7:

Araujo also discloses the limitations of claim 7 wherein access to the Web server is protected by a login prompt and a password ("...the CCC will send the SEP appropriate login and password for a customer WAN account which that the SEP is to use." Column 9, lines 42-44).

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Regarding claim 11:

Araujo discloses the method for transmitting messages from an industrial controller to a specified receiver using a modem connection ("modem" Column 16, line 49) protected by an authentication protocol ("HTTP authentication" Column 9, line 33), comprising the steps of: generating with an alarm indicating system, if an event occurs, event-relevant information ("In the event of a detected fault or failure condition in any monitored entity, the SEP (service enablement platform) generates a corresponding alarm and reports it..." Column 8, lines 55-57); writing the event-relevant information to a database accessible to the specified receiver ("...RMM process 2020 also records all alarms it receives in a local database." Column 38, lines 34-35, and the receiver can access the alarm information through a web site, i.e. "delivering alarms to web site (CCC) 20". Column 38, lines 28-29); transmitting receiver-specific via the modem connection out of the event-relevant information only a message indicating that an event has occurred (the receiver can access the alarm information through a web site, i.e. "delivering alarms to web site (CCC) 20". Column 38, lines 28-29); and receiving the message at the specified receiver, with the specified receiver accessing the eventrelevant information in the database via a cryptographically protected communication protocol via the modem connection ("implements the necessary cryptographic and packet processing operations", Column 3, lines 37-38, using a "modem", Column 16, line 49, and "SEP can establish a web connection with site 20 through which the SEP can report its operational data and/or any alarm condition...", Column 36, lines 26-29.)

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Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

8. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

- (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 9. Claims 8-9 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Araujo in view of Crater et al (US Patent number 6201996, dated March 13, 2001), hereinafter referred to as Crater.

Regarding claim 8:

Araujo discloses all the limitations of claim 8 except for wherein at least one of the database and the Web server are integrated with hardware of the controller.

Crater discloses "the present invention combines the immediacy and flexibility of web access to industrial controllers...to achieve a highly integrated system amenable to ready customization and modification." Column 3, lines 58-62. Crater also discloses that his "control structure may be organized around a database", abstract, lines 4-5)

The general concept of integrating components to the hardware of the controller is well known in the art as illustrated by Crater which discloses a component integration in a controller method.

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to modify Araujo to include the use of integrating components to the controller hardware in his advantageous method as taught by Crater so that the controller

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"facilitates selection and performance of actions in the database" as stated by Crater on the last 3 of four lines in his abstract.

Regarding claim 9:

Araujo discloses all the limitations of claim 9 except for wherein at least one of the database and the Web server are implemented as hardware that is separate from hardware of the controller.

Since Crater's method is amenable to ready customization and modification, Column 3, lines 61-62, Crater's method can separate the hardware of the controller from at least one of the database and Web server hardware.

The general concept of modifying and customizing a database to be separate from the hardware of the controller is well known in the art as illustrated by Crater which discloses modifying and customizing a system. It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to modify Araujo to include the modification of separating the controller hardware from the database in his advantageous method as taught by Crater in order to "achieve a highly integrated system amenable to ready customization and modification." as stated by Crater in Column 3, lines 58-62.

9. Claim 10 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Crater in view of Lo (US publication 2003/0061274, dated March 27, 2003, and filed on September 24, 2001).

Regarding claim 10:

Crater discloses all the limitations of claim 10 except for wherein at least one of

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data, parameters and programs for the controller are transmitted from the specified receiver to the controller.

Lo discloses that his method has the capability of programming with the aid of a client through a web browser the programming code for the controller, abstract, lines 2-10.

The general concept of sending programs from a receiver to a controller is well known in the art as illustrated by Lo which discloses a client device which programs a controller in a programmable controller. It would have been obvious for one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to modify Crater of in his advantageous controller method as taught by Lo in order to provide a "new business paradigm" for programmable controllers and their customers as stated by Lo on lines 13-15 of his abstract.

Conclusion

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Joan B. Naurot Ton whose telephone number is 571-270-1595. The examiner can normally be reached on M-Th 9 to 6:30 (flex sched) and alt Fridays off.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Frantz Jules can be reached on 571-272-6681. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

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Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

JBNT 3/30/2007

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